Why should I vaccinate my child against COVID?

- COVID is a risk for young children.
  - Hospitalizations rose sharply in young children during the first Omicron wave in winter 2021-22.
  - As of May 28, 2022 there have been 442 COVID deaths in children under the age of 5.
- While the risk of hospitalization and death from COVID is much lower in children than adults, children are still at risk from COVID. The global pandemic has taken the lives of millions of adults. Just because the number of adult deaths has been unimaginably high, however, does not mean the impact to children has been insignificant. Over 400 families now have empty high chairs and booster seats at their tables each morning.
- We can’t predict which children will have severe illness from a COVID infection – more than half of children who have been hospitalized don’t have any underlying medical conditions.
- We can now prevent the death of children by getting them vaccinated.
- Vaccinating children can also help keep them healthy and in school, avoiding further disruption to their routines.
Mwahu me nei seri ale doken silasil en COVID?

- Ehi, seri kan pwulopwul sang sounpar 5 kak ale doken silasil en COVID-19.
- Laud sang seri 9,000 iang keseu en doken silasil, oh laud sang seri depemen nan pwungen sounpar 5-11 alehdahr doken silasil en COVID.
- Doken silasil kak kahrehda lipwe suwed kei me sohrala mwurin ansou kis. Seri pwulopwul sang sounpar 5 kak soumwahukihda lipwe kan iangahki medek oh weitahtala ni wasahn dok, karakar, moang medek, kihdahrek kan, oh medek en uduk. Lipwe pwukat kaselehda me paliwere mwahula.
- Koasoandi en ansou me seri ale doken silasil oh uwen dok me e ale wiahda pwehn sewese seri ni mwomwe me keieu mwahu. Koasoandi wet wiahda nin duwen sounpar en nomw seri, ah kaidehn uwen toutou.
- Uwen keper en myocarditis oh pericarditis, me ekei pwutak pwulopul soumwahukihda, sohte nohn mwahl nan seri pwulopwul sang sounpar 5 (tikitik sang uwen keper en aramas pwulopwul oh aramas laud kan). Sohte seri soumwahukihda soumwahu pwukat nan keseu en doken silasil, ahpw toahtke kan pahn kasawih oh wehwehki uwen keper ni mehlel.
- Kitail wehwehki doken silasil en COVID-19 laud sang atail pahn wehwehki pil ehu soang en dok oh wini teikan.
- Mwurin koapwoarment kihda mweimwei en kihpeseng doken silasil, tohnwini kin tehk uwen mwahu oh pweida.
**English: Is the COVID vaccine safe for my child?**

- Yes, the COVID-19 vaccines are safe for kids under 5.
- The clinical trials included more than 9,000 babies and children under 5, and more than 10 million children ages 5-11 have been vaccinated against COVID.
- The vaccine might cause some mild to moderate, temporary reactions that are not dangerous. Children under 5 experienced pain and redness at the injection site, fever, headaches, chills, and muscle pain. These reactions mean your child’s immune system is working to protect them.
- The dosage and timing of the vaccine has been specifically developed and tested to be safe and effective in the youngest kids. The dosage is based on the maturity of your child’s immune system, not on the size of your child, which is why it is based on age and not weight.
- The risk of myocarditis and pericarditis, a very rare vaccine side effect that has been seen especially in adolescent males, appears to be very low for children under 5 (lower than for adults and adolescents). There were no cases in the trials, and experts will continue to monitor for this rare side effect in real-world use.
- We have more data on the safety of the COVID-19 vaccines than we will EVER have for most medicines, vitamins, or nutritional supplements.
- Even after vaccines are approved, safety systems are constantly monitoring for any rare side effects or safety concerns.

**La wasa nei seri kak ale doken silasil ie?**

- Nan wihk keieu mie dok dep me aramas kak ale, oh mie dok teikan me re pahn kihda nan wihk keriau.
- Pahpa oh nohno kak kilang vaccines.gov pwehn diar ia wasa neirail seri kak ale doken silasil kan ie nan arail wehi. State koaros tehk mwahu me mie doken silasil kan ni kempa en roson kan pwe seri kan koaros kak ale mehnda ma sohte arail sawas en pwain wini de sohte mie dok kan ni wasahn wini kan nan arail wehi.
English: Where can I get the vaccine for my child?

- An initial supply of 10 million doses will be available the first week with a second round of doses available the following week.
- Parents can visit vaccines.gov to view the nearest available COVID-19 vaccine options for their children. All states are ensuring they have vaccines available at public health departments in case a child does not have a personal health care provider or in the case that some providers are unable to stock the vaccine due to storage requirements.

English: Can my child get a COVID vaccine at the same time as other vaccines?

- Yes, children can get the COVID vaccine at the same time as other vaccines.
- Babies and children under 5 often get more than one vaccine at a time when they visit their pediatrician. These recommended vaccines provide protection against 14 dangerous diseases – and now COVID-19 too.
- Many families missed getting routine vaccines during the pandemic, so making an appointment with your child’s healthcare provider to get the COVID-19 vaccine is a good time to get caught up on any missed vaccines, too.
- Routine wellness vaccines prevent an average of 1,913 illnesses per hour, 2,685 hospitalizations per day, and 720 early deaths per week in the United States. They are one of our most important tools for keeping our children and families healthy.
Nei seri anahne ale doken silasil en COVID ma re soumwahukiher?

- Ehi. Emen kak pwurehng soumwahukihda mehnda ma re soumwahukiher pwehki soang en virus kapw kan iangahki Omicron.
- Doken silasil kak sewese emen sohte soumwahukihda mwahu sang emen soumwahuki.
- Ma nomw seri soumwahukiher COVID, e anahne awai lel sounpwong 3 mwurin tepidahn liwpe suwed de ni ansou me e ale dehs me kaselehda e soumwahukihda. Koasoaiheng ahmw toahkte pwehn wehwehki dahme nomw seri anahne.

### English: Should my child get a COVID vaccine if they’ve already had COVID?

- Yes. Prior infection does not protect as well against getting infected again, especially with the newer virus variants like Omicron.
- Getting vaccinated provides a boost in protection without the risk that comes with infection.
- If your child was infected with COVID, their next vaccine dose can be delayed 3 months from when symptoms started or when they tested positive. Talk to your care provider to make the best decision for your child.